Declaration Code: EPD-LPG-GB-28.1



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Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG

Cast glass

Patterned, solar, wired glasses and LINIT U-profiled (channel shaped) glass made by Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG





Basis: DIN EN ISO 14025 EN15804 Company EPD Environmental Product Declaration

Publication date: 12.12.2022

Next revision: 12 December 2027



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Prüfung und Kalibrierung – EN ISO/IEC 17025 Inspektion – EN ISO/IEC 17020 Zertifizierung Produkte – EN ISO/IEC 17065 Zertifizierung Managementsysteme – EN ISO/IEC 17021

PÜZ-Stelle: BAY 18



EPD "Glass"

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Product group: "Glass"

Programme operator	Theodor-	neim GmbH Gietl-Straße 7-9 Rosenheim											
Practitioner of the LCA	Theodor-	neim GmbH Gietl-Straße 7-9 Rosenheim											
Declaration holder	Egerstraß	Wunsiedel Holenl											
Declaration code	EPD-LPG	EPD-LPG-GB-28.1											
Designation of declared product	Patterned	Cast glass Patterned, solar, wired and LINIT U-profiled glasses made by Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG											
Scope	Architectu	Architecture and façade construction											
Basis	DIN EN Erstellung III Enviror PCR doct	15804:2012+A2 y von Typ III Umw mental Product I uments EN 1707	2019. In addition veltproduktdeklaration Declarations) applie	, the "A onen" (G es. The D ss produce	N ISO 14025:2011 and Allgemeiner Leitfaden zur uidance on preparing Type Declaration is based on the cts", "PCR Part A" PCR-A-								
	Publicatio		Last revision: 12.12.2022		Next revision: 12 December 2027								
Validity	This verified Company Environmental Product Declaration (company EPD) applies solely to the specified products and is valid for a period of five years from the date of publication in accordance with DIN EN 15804.												
LCA basis	The LCA was prepared in accordance with DIN EN ISO 14040 and DIN EN ISO 14044. The base data include both the data collected at the production site of Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG and the generic data derived from the "GaBi 10" data base. LCA calculations were carried out for the included "cradle to grave" life cycle including all upstream chains (e.g. raw material extraction, etc.).												
Notes		ration holder ass	nce on the Use of if umes full liability for		ocuments" apply. erlying data, certificates and								
Rimitian 161	ner	T. Mie	lahe	Patril Works									

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Notified Body 0757 PÜZ-Stelle: BAY 18



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1 General product information

Product definitioffn

The EPD relates to the product group "Glass" and applies to:

1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness of cast glass from Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG

The LCA was prepared using the declared unit:

1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness

The functional unit is obtained by summing up:

Assessed reference product*	Surface area	Glass thickness	Weight per unit area
LINIT U-profiled glass refined P23/60/7	1 m²	7 mm	25.81 kg/m²
LINIT U-profiled glass P23/60/7	1 m²	7 mm	25.40 kg/m ²
Wired glass	1 m²	6 mm	15.00 kg/m ²

* The calculated results (page 14 ff.) for the reference products listed in Table 1 are scalable for additional profiles of deviating dimensions

(see conversion table, page 19)

Table 1: Functional unit per reference product

The average unit is declared as follows:

Directly used material flows are determined using the masses produced (kg) and assigned to the declared unit. All other inputs and outputs in the production were scaled to the declared unit in their entirety since no direct assignment to the average size is possible. The reference period is the year 2021.

The validity of the EPD is restricted to the following models:

Product groups (PG)		
PG 1	PG 2	PG 3
LINIT U-profiled glass refined	LINIT	Flat glass
	U-profiled glass	(Patterned, solar,
		wired glasses)
LINIT U-profiled glass refined	LINIT	Wired glass
(theoretical glass channel	U-profiled	
covering all refinements of the	glass	
channels listed below)		
LINIT U-profiled glass enamelled TCH/TC		Patterned glass
LINIT U-profiled glass sandblasted TSH/TS/S		Solar glass
LINIT U-profiled glass toughened TH/T		

*Bold = reference product (the reference product in the product groups is the one with the worst environmental impacts)

Table 2: Product groups

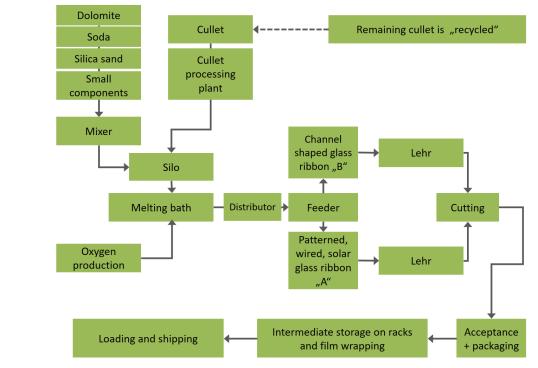
Product group: "Glass"

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Product description	The production of all glass units made by Lamberts is based on the rolled glass process in accordance with EN 572.
	All glass units feature at least one, sometimes two patterned glass sur- face(s). Patterned glass and LINIT U-profiled glass are available as standard green and low iron glass melts, solar glass only as low iron glass melt and wired glass only as standard green glass melt.
	Lamberts LINIT U-profiled glass The "U-shaped" cast glass channels are installed as single, double or multiple glazing units to the façade. Glass thicknesses range between 6 mm and 7 mm, web widths between 100 mm and 600 mm, flange heights between 20 mm and 80 mm. One channel may have a length of up to 7.50 m. The glass can be provided with wire inlays and can be thermally tough- ened, colour-enamelled or even sandblasted as part of the refinement process. Coated glass was not considered.
	 Patterned glass The great variety of surface patterns produces changing and surprising plays of light. Excellent light diffusion and daylighting of the interior, accompanied by privacy protection, has been one of its most significant characteristics known for more than 150 years. Larger glazing dimensions are produced in glass thicknesses between 3 mm and 12 mm and, depending on pattern and thickness, can be additionally finished (thermal toughening, enamelling, lamination).
	Solar glass Solar glass is patterned glass for optimising the energy coming into the building, and produced from low iron melt. They are produced in thick- nesses between 2 mm and 6 mm. Most of the glass is further processed into thermally toughened safety glass.
	For a detailed product description refer to the manufacturer specifications at <u>www.lamberts.info</u> or the product specifications of the respective offer/quotation.

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Product manufacture

Scope	Lamberts cast glass, be it flat glass or "U"-shaped channel glass, is used by architects and designers to enhance both the aesthetics of a building and the lighting effects produced by the glass surfaces, and to improve also various technical functions of the façades . Lamberts architectural design glass is used in the interior and exterior of buildings.
	Lamberts LINIT U-profiled glass is mainly installed in large-scale fa- çades. The range of projects includes production halls and warehouses, office and residential buildings, parking garages and stadiums, theatres and museums.
	Lamberts patterned glass is mainly used for interior applications (doors, tables, furniture, luminaires, showers, insulating glass windows, etc.) and in aesthetically sophisticated façades. Wired glass with or without pattern is used mainly for industrial façades, roofs and interior glass doors. Solar glass is used mainly for photovoltaics, by the collector industry and for greenhouses.
Management systems	 The following management systems are in place: Quality management as per ISO 9001:2015 Energy management as per ISO 50001:2018 Environmental management as per ISO 14001:2015
Additional information	For additional verification of applicability or conformity refer to the CE marking and the documents accompanying the product, if applicable.

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2 Materials used

 Primary materials
 The primary materials used are listed in the LCA (see Section 7).

Declarable substances The product contains no substances from the REACH candidate list (declaration dated 22 June 2022).

All relevant safety data sheets are available from Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG.

3 Construction process stage

ProcessingObserve the instructions for mounting/installation, operation,
maintenance and disassembly, provided by the manufacturer. See
www.lamberts.info.

4 Use stage

Emissions to the
environmentNo emissions to indoor air, water and soil are known. There may be VOC
emissions.

Reference service life (RSL) The RSL information was provided by the manufacturer. The RSL shall be specified under defined reference in-use conditions and shall refer to the declared technical and functional performance of the product within the building. It shall be established in accordance with any specific rules given in European product standards, or, if not available, in a c-PCR. It shall also take into account ISO 15686-1, -2, -7 and -8. Where European product standards or a c-PCR provide guidance on deriving the RSL, such guidance shall have priority. If it is not possible to determine the service life as the RSL in accordance

If it is not possible to determine the service life as the RSL in accordance with ISO 15686, the BBSR table "Nutzungsdauer von Bauteilen zur Lebenszyklusanalyse nach BNB" (service life of building components for life cycle assessment in accordance with the sustainable construction evaluation system) can be used. For further information and explanations refer to <u>www.nachhaltigesbauen.de</u>.

For this EPD the following applies:

A reference service life (RSL) must be stated for the "cradle to grave" EPD and module D (A + B + C + D).

A 30-year service life has been specified for cast glass made by Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG in accordance with EN 17074.

Based on the manufacturer's practical experience values, the cast glass made by Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG has an estimated service life of \geq 70 years.

The service life is dependent on the characteristics of the product and inuse conditions.

The service life applies solely to the characteristics specified in this EPD or the corresponding references.

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The reference service life (RSL) does not reflect the actual life span, which is usually determined by the service life and the refurbishment of a building. It does not provide any indication of durability, nor does it constitute a warranty with regard to the product's performance characteristics, nor any kind of guarantee.

5 End-of-life stage

Possible end-of-life stages The cast glass is shipped to central collection points. There the products are generally shredded and sorted into their original constituents. The end-of-life stage depends on the site where the products are used and is therefore subject to the local regulations. Observe the locally applicable regulatory requirements.

This EPD shows the end-of-life modules in accordance with EN 17074. Specific glass parts are recycled. Residual fractions are sent to landfill.

Disposal routes The LCA includes the average disposal routes.

All life cycle scenarios are detailed in the Annex.

6 Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

Environmental product declarations are based on life cycle assessments (LCAs) which use material and energy flows for the calculation and subsequent representation of environmental impacts.

As a basis for this, Life Cycle Assessments (LCAs) have been prepared for cast glass. The LCAs are in conformity with the requirements set out in DIN EN 15804 and the international standards DIN EN ISO 14040, DIN EN ISO 14044, ISO 21930 and EN ISO 14025.

The LCA is representative of the products presented in the Declaration and the specified reference period.

6.1 Definition of goal and scope

Goal

The goal of the LCA is to demonstrate the environmental impacts of the products. In accordance with DIN EN 15804, the environmental impacts covered by this Environmental Product Declaration are presented for the entire product life cycle in the form of basic information. Apart from these, no other environmental impacts have been specified.

Data quality, data availability and geographical and timerelated system boundaries The specific data originate exclusively from the 2021 fiscal year. They were collected on-site at the plant located in Wunsiedel and originate in parts from company records and partly from values directly obtained by measurement. Validity of the data was checked by the ift Rosenheim.

The generic data originate from the "GaBi 10" software professional and building materials databases. The last update of both databases was in 2022. Data from before this date originate also from these databases and

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are not more than 4 years old. No other generic data were used for the calculation.

Data gaps were either filled with comparable data or conservative assumptions, or the data were cut off in compliance with the 1% rule.

The life cycle was modelled using the "GaBi" sustainability software tool for the development of life cycle assessments.

Scope / system boundaries The system boundaries refer to the supply of raw materials and purchased parts, manufacture/production, use and end-of-life stage of cast glass. No additional data from pre-suppliers/subcontractors or other sites were

taken into consideration.

were taken into consideration.

Cut-off criteria All the data that the company records, i.e. all commodities/input and raw materials used, the thermal energy used and electricity consumption,

The boundaries cover only the product-relevant data. Building sections/parts of facilities that are not relevant to the manufacture of the products, were excluded.

The transport distances of the pre-products were taken into consideration as a function of 100% of the mass of the products. The transport distances not recorded by the company are covered by the life cycle assessment in the assumed transport mix.

The transport mix is composed as follows and originates from the research project "EPDs für transparente Bauelemente" (EPDs for transparent building components).

- Truck, 26 28 t total weight / 18.4 t payload, Euro 6, freight, 85% capacity used, 100 km;
- Truck-trailer, 28 34 t total weight / 22 t payload, Euro 6, 50% capacity used, 50 km;
- Freight train, electrical and diesel driven; D 60%, E 51% capacity used, 50 km
- Seagoing vessel, consumption mix, 50 km.

The criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs as set out in DIN EN 15804 are fulfilled. From the data analysis it can be assumed that the total of negligible processes per life cycle stage does not exceed 1% of the mass/primary energy. This way the total of negligible processes does not exceed 5% of the energy and mass input. The life cycle calculation also includes material and energy flows that account for less than 1%.

6.2 Inventory analysis

Goal

All material and energy flows are described below. The processes covered are presented as input and output parameters and refer to the declared/functional units.



Life cycle stages	The Annex shows the entire life cycle of cast glass. The product stage "A1 – A3", construction process stage" A4 – A5", use stage "B1 – B7", end-of-life stage "C1 – C4" and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries "D" are considered.
Benefits	 The below benefits have been defined as per DIN EN 15804: Benefits from recycling Benefits (thermal and electrical) from incineration
Allocation of co-products	The manufacture of the product does not give rise to any allocations.
Allocations for re-use, recycling and recovery	If the products are re-used/recycled and recovered during the product stage (rejects), the components are shredded, if necessary and then sorted into their single constituents. This is done by various process plants, e.g. magnetic separators. The system boundaries were set following their disposal, reaching the end-of-waste status.
Allocations beyond life cycle boundaries	Use of recycled materials in the manufacturing process was based on the current market-specific situation. A recycling potential that reflects the economic value of the product after recycling (recyclate) was also taken into account. The secondary material included as inputs in the cast glass is calculated as input without loads. No benefits are allocated to module D, but consumption is allocated to modules C3 and C4 (worst case scenario). The system boundary set for the recycled material refers to collection.
Secondary material	The use of secondary material in module A3 by Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. kg was considered. Secondary material is used.
Inputs	The LCA includes the following production-relevant inputs per 1 m^2 surface area and 1 mm thickness:
	Energy The gas input material is based on "Erdgas Mix Deutschland (natural gas mix, Germany)". Diesel is based on "Diesel Mix Deutschland". Electricity is based on "Strom aus Wasserkraft Deutschland" (Ökostrom) (hydropower - green power, Germany).
	A portion of the process heat is used for space heating. This can, however, not be quantified, hence a "worst case" figure was taken into account for the product.
	Water The individual manufacturing process steps do not include water consumption, because water consumption was excluded from the assessment. The consumption of fresh water specified in Section 6.3 originates from the upstream processes of the pre-products (amongst other things).

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Raw material / pre-products

The chart below shows the share of raw materials/pre-products in %.

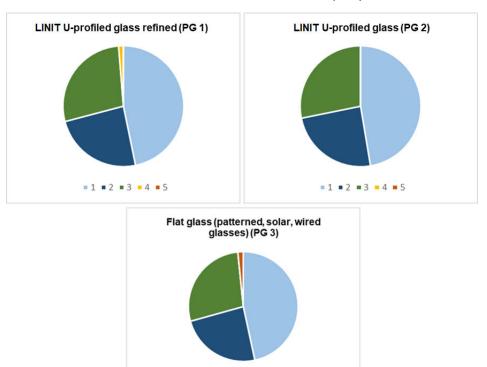


Figure 1: Percentage of individual materials per declared unit

No.	Material	Mass in %								
NO.	Material	PG 1	PG 1	PG 1						
1	Batch	46.77	47.38	46.62						
2	In-house cullet	24.13	24.45	24.06						
3	Flat glass recyclate	27.81	28.17	27.72						
4	Ceramic coating	1.28	0.00	0.00						
5	Wire	0.00	0.00	1.60						

Table 3: Percentage of individual materials per declared unit

Ancillary materials and consumables

The ancillary materials and consumables used per 1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness of cast glass amount to 1.43 g (PG 1), 1.35 g (PG 2) and 0.93 g (PG 3):

Product packaging

The amounts used for product packaging are as follows:

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	No	Material	Ν	lass in g per PG							
	-	wateria	PG 1	PG 2	PG 3						
	1	Films and protective covers	0.06	0.06	0.04						
	2	PET-tape	0.23	0.23	0.16						
		Table 4: We	eight in g of packag	ging per declared	unit						
	The I mass mass stanc	enic carbon content oiogenic carbon content of substances content of the product and es containing biogonal otal mass of the pa	ontent is ignored Itaining biogenic on Ind associated pagenic carbon in th	carbon is less tha ackaging, and th	an 5% of the tota le mass of sub						
Outputs	The LCA includes the following production-relevant outputs per 1 m surface area and 1 mm thickness: Waste										
	Seco		rials were included in the benefits. pact assessment								
	Waste water The water consumption for manufacture was treated as an exclude process, so there are no data on waste water.										
6.3 Impact assessment											
Goal		impact assessme pories applied are		nputs and outpu	uts. The impac						
Impact categories	DIN The i •	depletion of abia acidification; ozone depletion climate change- climate change- climate change- climate change-	presented in the l otic resources – otic resources– fo ; - total; - fossil; - biogenic; – land use and la quatic fresh wate quatic marine;	EPD are as follo minerals and me ossil fuels; and use change;	ws:						

• eutrophication terrestrial;

ADPF

- photochemical ozone creation;
- water use.











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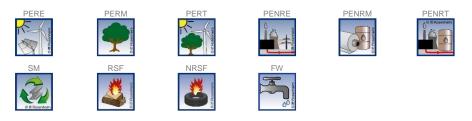


Use of resources

The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The following indicators for the use of resources are shown in the EPD:

- renewable primary energy as energy resource; ٠
- renewable primary energy for material use; •
- total use of renewable primary energy;
- non-renewable primary energy as energy resource; •
- renewable primary energy for material use; •
- total use of non-renewable primary energy; •
- use of secondary materials; •
- use of renewable secondary fuels; •
- use of non-renewable secondary fuels; •
- net use of fresh water resources. •



Waste

The waste generated during the production of 1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness of cast glass is evaluated and shown separately for the fractions trade wastes, special wastes and radioactive wastes. Since waste handling is modelled within the system boundaries, the amounts shown refer to the deposited wastes. A portion of the waste indicated is generated during the manufacture of the pre-products.

The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The waste categories and indicators for output material flows presented in the EPD are as follows:

- hazardous waste disposed; •
- non-hazardous waste disposed; •
- radioactive waste
- components for further use; •
- materials for recycling;
- materials for energy recovery;
- exported electrical energy;
- exported thermal energy.













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Additional environmental impact indicators

The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The additional impact categories presented in the EPD are as follows:

- particulate matter emissions;
- ionising radiation, human health;
- eco-toxicity (fresh water);
- human toxicity carcinogenic effect;
- human toxicity non-carcinogenic effect;
- land use related impacts / soil quality.



Other Core inclusions Core inclusions Core inclusions Core inclusions GWP-1 kg CO, eq. 1.26 3.86E-02 7.38E-04 0.00 4.00 4.20E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.77E-03 5.69E-02 3.87E-02 7.32E 7.54E 5.98E-03 7.38E-04 1.95E-03 7.54E 7.54E 7.35E-04		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
GWP-I kg C0, eq. 1.26 3.86-02 7.38E-04 0.00 4.17E-03 0.00 0.0					··		Core	indicator	'S												
GWP-b kg CO ₂ eq. 101E-02 5.30E-05 5.04E-08 0.00 3.40E-05 0.00 <	GWP-t	kg CO ₂ eq.	1.27	3.88E-02	7.38E-04	0.00	4.20E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.78E-03	5.74E-02	3.76E-02	-0.32				
GWP-b kg CO ₂ eq. 101E-02 5.30E-05 5.04E-08 0.00 3.40E-05 0.00 <	GWP-f		1.26	3.86E-02	7.38E-04	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.77E-03	5.69E-02	3.87E-02	-0.31				
GWP-I kg CO ₂ eq. 7.24E-04 2.14E-04 1.59E-09 0.00 3.31E-70 0.00 7.27E+15 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.68E-16 3.23E-13 9.09E-14 6.24E AP mol H* eq. 6.68F-12 2.39E-56 1.03E-17 0.00 7.27E+15 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.21E-06 1.25E-04 2.74E-04 2.10E-05 PFW kg P eq. 2.38E-06 1.15E-07 1.65E-16 0.00 1.77E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.12E-06 2.80E-05 7.11E-05 5.97E CP+ mol N eq. 3.45E-05 5.63E-08 0.00 1.77E-06 0.00				-5.30E-05	5.04E-08	0.00	3.40E-05	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-3.81E-06	5.12E-04	-1.15E-03					
ODP kg CFC -11 eq. 6.84E-12 2.30E-15 7.30E-17 0.00 <th0< td=""><td>GWP-I</td><td></td><td>7.24E-04</td><td>2.14E-04</td><td>1.59E-09</td><td>0.00</td><td></td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>1.54E-05</td><td>1.20E-05</td><td></td><td>-3.56E-05</td></th0<>	GWP-I		7.24E-04	2.14E-04	1.59E-09	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.54E-05	1.20E-05		-3.56E-05				
EP-fw kg P eq. 2.38E-06 1.56E-07 1.63E-11 0.00 1.73E-06 0.00	ODP		6.84E-12	2.30E-15	7.30E-17	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65E-16	8.32E-13	9.09E-14	-6.24E-13				
FP-m kg N eq. 2.86E-03 1.80E-05 2.11E-08 0.00 1.73E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.72E-05 2.94E-04 7.01E-05 5.97E-05 EP-4 moi N eq. 3.45E-02 2.09E-04 4.87E-07 0.00 1.77E-05 0.00	AP	mol H ⁺ eq.	8.63E-03	4.91E-05	1.03E-07	0.00	5.23E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.21E-06	1.25E-04	2.74E-04	-2.10E-03				
FP-m kg N eq. 2.68E-03 1.80E-05 2.11E-08 0.00 1.73E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.12E-06 2.80E-05 7.01E-05 5.90E-06 7.00E-06 0.00 0.0	EP-fw	kg P eq.	2.39E-06	1.15E-07	1.63E-11	0.00	2.09E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.23E-09	1.66E-07	6.55E-08	-1.76E-07				
POCP kg NMVOC eq. 6.52E-03 3.35E-05 6.58F-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.17E-05 2.13E-04 1.18E ADPF*2 MJ 42.79 0.51 1.25E-04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.31E-04 1.35E-04 0.96E-02 1.35E WDP*2 m³ world eq. deprived 5.44E-04 3.43E-04 6.59E-05 0.00 9.17E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.31E-04 1.25E-04 3.96E-09 2.32E-01 3.13E-10 0.00	EP-m	kg N eq.		1.80E-05	2.11E-08	0.00	1.73E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12E-06	2.80E-05	7.01E-05	-5.97E-04				
POCP kg NM/VOC eq. 6.52E-03 4.35E-05 6.58I-08 0.00 7.87E-06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.15E-06 7.57E-05 2.13E-04 1.13E ADPF*2 MJ 42.79 0.51 1.25E-04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.31E-04 1.35E-04 0.96E-02 1.35E WDP*2 m³ world eq. deprived 5.04E-04 3.43E-04 6.59E-05 0.00 9.17E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.31E-10 1.55E-03 3.96E-09 2.32E-01 3.48E-03 3.96E-09 2.33E-04 3.98E-09 2.33E-04 3.98E-09 2.33E-04 3.98E-09 3.09E-01 3.98E-01 3.05E-01 3.68E-09	EP-t	mol N eq.	3.45E-02	2.09E-04	4.87E-07	0.00	1.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32E-05	2.94E-04	7.70E-04	-6.80E-03				
ADPF*2 MJ 42.79 0.51 1.25E-04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.00 2.31E-10 1.55E-08 3.96E-09 2.29E-09 2.92E-03 2.31E-10 1.55E-08 3.96E-09 2.92E-03 2.32E-03 1.93E 2.32E-03 1.93E 2.32E-03 1.93E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.31E-10 1.55E-08 3.96E-02 4.26 3.92E-03 1.93E WPP*2 Ws ord eg.deprived 5.66E-07 3.21E-09 1.97E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.02 0.00 0.00 1.02 0.00 0.00 1.02 <th <="" colspan="4" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5.63E-08</td><td>0.00</td><td>7.87E-06</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td></td><td></td><td>0.00</td><td>2.81E-06</td><td>7.57E-05</td><td>2.13E-04</td><td>-1.18E-03</td></th>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5.63E-08</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>7.87E-06</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>2.81E-06</td> <td>7.57E-05</td> <td>2.13E-04</td> <td>-1.18E-03</td>								5.63E-08	0.00	7.87E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	2.81E-06	7.57E-05	2.13E-04	-1.18E-03
WDP ² m³ world eq. deprived 5.04E-04 3.43E-04 6.59E-05 0.00 9.17E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.47E-05 1.29E-02 4.23E-03 1.93E PERE MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.10E-03 0.57 7.60E-02 0.00 PERE MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 4.10E-03 0.00 <	ADPF*2	MJ	42.79	0.51	1.25E-04	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.69E-02	1.03	0.51	-4.64				
WDP*2 m³ word eq. deprived 5.04E-04 3.43E-04 6.59E-05 0.00 9.17E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.47E-05 1.29E-02 4.23E-03 1.93E PERE MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.10E-03 0.57 7.60E-02 0.00 PERE MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 4.10E-03 0.00 <th< td=""><td>ADPE*2</td><td>kg Sb eq.</td><td>5.66E-07</td><td>3.21E-09</td><td>1.79E-12</td><td>0.00</td><td>5.13E-10</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>2.31E-10</td><td>1.55E-08</td><td>3.96E-09</td><td>-2.29E-08</td></th<>	ADPE*2	kg Sb eq.	5.66E-07	3.21E-09	1.79E-12	0.00	5.13E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.31E-10	1.55E-08	3.96E-09	-2.29E-08				
Use of resources PERE MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 1.37E-04 0.00 0	WDP*2	m ³ world eq. deprived	5.04E-04	3.43E-04	6.59E-05	0.00	9.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.47E-05		4.23E-03	-1.93E-02				
PERM MJ 0.00 0								f resource	S												
PERM MJ 0.00 0	PERE	MJ	34.83	2.92E-02	3.41E-05	0.00	1.37E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.10E-03	0.57	7.60E-02	-0.43				
PERT MJ 34.83 2.92E-02 3.41E-05 0.00 4.10E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.10E-03 0.57 7.60E-02 -0.4 PENRE MJ 6.11E-03 0.00 6.11E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.70E-02 1.03 0.51 -4.6 PENRM MJ 6.11E-03 0.00 6.01E-03 0.00																	0.00				
PENRE MJ 42.79 0.51 1.26E-04 0.00 0.12 0.00			34.83	2.92E-02	3.41E-05	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	4	0.57		-0.43				
PENRT MJ 42.79 0.51 1.26E-04 0.00 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.70E-02 1.03 0.51 -4.66 SM kg 1.26 0.00 <																	-4.64				
PENRT MJ 42.79 0.51 1.26E-04 0.00 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.70E-02 1.03 0.51 -4.66 SM kg 1.26 0.00 <																	0.00				
RSFMJ0.00<	PENRT		42.79	0.51	1.26E-04	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.70E-02	1.03	0.51	-4.64				
RSFMJ0.00<	SM	kg	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
NRSF MJ 0.00 0	RSF		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Waste categories HWD kg 1.27E-08 2.46E-12 1.30E-14 0.00 1.20E-11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.77E-13 8.93E-11 2.60E-11 -6.82E NHWD kg 6.43E-02 7.37E-05 3.38E-06 0.00 5.43E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.30E-06 7.77E-04 2.59 -4.14E RWD kg 3.52E-04 6.33E-07 3.77E-09 0.00 7.67E-07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.14E RWD kg 0.00		MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
HWD kg 1.27E-08 2.46E-12 1.30E-14 0.00 1.20E-11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.77E-13 8.93E-11 2.60E-11 6.82E NHWD kg 6.43E-02 7.37E-05 3.38E-06 0.00 5.43E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.30E-06 7.77E-04 2.59 4.14E RWD kg 3.52E-04 6.33E-07 3.77E-09 0.00 7.67E-07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.55E-08 1.65E-04 5.64E-06 1.5E CRU kg 0.00 0.0	FW	m ³	3.77E-02	3.30E-05	1.55E-06	0.00	2.24E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.37E-06	5.46E-04	1.28E-04	-6.43E-04				
HWD kg 1.27E-08 2.46E-12 1.30E-14 0.00 1.20E-11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.77E-13 8.93E-11 2.60E-11 6.82E NHWD kg 6.43E-02 7.37E-05 3.38E-06 0.00 5.43E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.30E-06 7.77E-04 2.59 4.14E RWD kg 3.52E-04 6.33E-07 3.77E-09 0.00 7.67E-07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.55E-08 1.65E-04 5.64E-06 1.5E CRU kg 0.00 0.0					· · ·		Waste	categorie	s												
NHWD kg 6.43E-02 7.37E-05 3.38E-06 0.00 5.43E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.30E-06 7.77E-04 2.59 -4.14E RWD kg 3.52E-04 6.33E-07 3.77E-09 0.00 7.67E-07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.55E-08 1.65E-04 5.64E-06 -1.15E CRU kg 0.00	HWD	ka	1.27E-08	2.46E-12	1.30E-14	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.77E-13	8.93E-11	2.60E-11	-6.82E-10				
kg 3.52E-04 6.33E-07 3.77E-09 0.00 7.67E-07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.55E-08 1.65E-04 5.64E-06 -1.15E CRU kg 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 4.55E-08 1.65E-04 5.64E-06 -1.15E CRU kg 0.00							-										-4.14E-02				
Output material flows CRU kg 0.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>																					
MFR kg 2.63E-03 0.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>																					
MFR kg 2.63E-03 0.00 <t< td=""><td>CRU</td><td>ka</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></t<>	CRU	ka	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
MER kg 0.00 0.																	0.00				
EEE MJ 5.80E-03 0.00 1.02E-03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0																	0.00				
																	0.00				
	EET	MJ	1.35E-02	0.00	2.37E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

ODP – ozone depletion potential **AP** - acidification potential **EP-fw** - eutrophication potential - aquatic freshwater **EP-m** - eutrophication potential - aquatic marine EP-t change eutrophication potential - terrestrial POCP - photochemical ozone formation potential ADPF*2 - abiotic depletion potential – fossil resources ADPE*2 - abiotic depletion potential – minerals&metals WDP*2 – Water (user) deprivation potential PERE - Use of renewable primary energy PERM - use of renewable primary energy resources PERT - total use of renewable primary energy resources PENRE - use of non-renewable primary energy PENRM - use of non-renewable primary energy resources PENRT - total use of non-renewable primary energy resources SM - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER - materials for energy recovery EEE - exported electrical energy **EET** - exported thermal energy

ift	Results per 1 m ² surface area and 1 mm thickness of LINIT U-profiled glass refined															
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B 3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Additional environmental impact indicators																
PM	Disease incidence	1.50E-07	2.82E-10	6.03E-13	0.00	3.63E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92E-11	1.03E-09	3.37E-09	-1.18E-08
IRP*1	kBq U235 eq.	3.54E-02	9.28E-05	3.74E-07	0.00	1.11E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.67E-06	2.79E-02	6.27E-04	-1.93E-02
ETP-fw*2	CTUe	98.22	0.36	5.10E-05	0.00	5.20E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.56E-02	0.45	0.28	-5.70
HTP-c*2	CTUh	1.29E-09	7.18E-12	4.33E-15	0.00	1.37E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.16E-13	1.30E-11	4.33E-11	-3.14E-11
HTP-nc* ²	CTUh	3.34E-08	3.78E-10	1.48E-13	0.00	6.73E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.71E-11	4.75E-10	4.79E-09	-3.09E-09
SQP*2	dimensionless	2.88	0.18	3.82E-05	0.00	2.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27E-02	0.37	0.11	-0.30
	matter emissions potential * ² - Human toxicity potenti					human he uality poten		[P-fw *2 - E	co-toxicity	potential	– freshwa	ter HT	P-c *² - Hur	nan toxicit	y potentia	I – cancer

Disclaimers

*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionising radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator

*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator

ift	Results per 1 m ² surface area and 1 mm thickness of LINIT U-profiled glass															
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
						Core	indicator	S								
GWP-t	kg CO₂ eq.	1.19	3.82E-02	7.38E-04	0.00	4.20E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.74E-03	5.65E-02	3.70E-02	-0.31
GWP-f	kg CO ₂ eq.	1.18	3.80E-02	7.38E-04	0.00	4.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.72E-03	5.60E-02	3.81E-02	-0.31
GWP-b	kg CO₂ eq.	9.82E-03	-5.22E-05	5.04E-08	0.00	3.40E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-3.75E-06		-1.13E-03	-7.42E-04
GWP-I	kg CO ₂ eq.	6.54E-04	2.11E-04	1.59E-09	0.00	3.31E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51E-05	1.18E-05	7.02E-05	-3.51E-05
ODP	kg CFC -11 eq.	6.56E-12	2.26E-15	7.30E-17	0.00	7.27E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.63E-16	8.19E-13	8.94E-14	-6.14E-13
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	8.26E-03	4.83E-05	1.03E-07	0.00	5.23E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.16E-06	1.23E-04	2.70E-04	-2.07E-03
EP-fw	kg P eq.	2.27E-06	1.13E-07	1.63E-11	0.00	2.09E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.11E-09	1.63E-07	6.45E-08	-1.74E-07
EP-m	kg N eq.	2.59E-03	1.77E-05	2.11E-08	0.00	1.73E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11E-06	2.76E-05	6.90E-05	-5.87E-04
EP-t	mol N eq.	3.33E-02	2.06E-04	4.87E-07	0.00	1.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30E-05	2.89E-04	7.58E-04	-6.70E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	6.31E-03	4.28E-05	5.63E-08	0.00	7.87E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.77E-06	7.45E-05	2.10E-04	-1.17E-03
ADPF*2	MJ	42.09	0.51	1.25E-04	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.63E-02	1.02	0.50	-4.57
ADPE*2	kg Sb eq.	4.02E-07	3.16E-09	1.79E-12	0.00	5.13E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27E-10	1.53E-08	3.90E-09	-2.26E-08
WDP*2	m ³ world eq. deprived	-4.71E-02	3.38E-04	6.59E-05	0.00	9.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.43E-05	1.27E-02	4.16E-03	-1.90E-02
						Use o	f resourc	es								
PERE	MJ	7.23	2.87E-02	3.41E-05	0.00	1.37E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06E-03	0.56	7.48E-02	-0.42
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	7.23	2.87E-02	3.41E-05	0.00	4.10E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.06E-03	0.56	7.48E-02	-0.42
PENRE	MJ	42.09	0.51	1.26E-04	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.64E-02	1.02	0.50	-4.57
PENRM	MJ	6.11E-03	0.00	-6.11E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	42.09	0.51	1.26E-04	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.64E-02	1.02	0.50	-4.57
SM	kg	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m ³	8.99E-03	3.24E-05	1.55E-06	0.00	2.24E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.33E-06	5.37E-04	1.26E-04	-6.33E-04
						Waste	e categori	es								
HWD	kg	1.07E-08	2.42E-12	1.30E-14	0.00	1.20E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74E-13	8.79E-11	2.56E-11	-6.72E-10
NHWD	kg	5.61E-02	7.25E-05	3.38E-06	0.00	5.43E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.21E-06	7.65E-04	2.55	-4.07E-02
RWD	kg	3.42E-04	6.23E-07	3.77E-09	0.00	7.67E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.48E-08	1.62E-04	5.55E-06	-1.14E-04
						Output i	material f	lows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	2.63E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	5.80E-03	0.00	1.02E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EET	MJ	1.35E-02	0.00	2.37E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Key:	•												•			
	warming potential - total	GWP-f – g	lobal warm	nina potenti	al fossil f	uels GW	P-b – alot	oal warmin	a potentia	I - biogenio	GWP-	l – global	warming p	otential - la	and use an	d land

GWP-t – global warming potential - total GWP-f – global warming potential fossil fuels GWP-b – global warming potential - biogenic GWP-I – global warming potential - land use and land use change ODP – ozone depletion potential AP - acidification potential EP-fw - eutrophication potential - aquatic freshwater EP-m - eutrophication potential - aquatic marine EP-t eutrophication potential - terrestrial POCP - photochemical ozone formation potential ADPF*2 - abiotic depletion potential - fossil resources ADPE*2 - abiotic depletion potential minerals&metals WDP*2 – Water (user) deprivation potential PERE - Use of renewable primary energy PERM - use of renewable primary energy resources PERT - total use of renewable primary energy resources **PENRE** - use of non-renewable primary energy **PENRM** - use of non-renewable primary energy resources **PENRT** - total use of non-renewable primary energy resources SM - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER - materials for energy recovery **EEE** - exported electrical energy **EET** - exported thermal energy

ift	Results per 1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness of LINIT U-profiled glass Unit A1-A3 A4 A5 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 C4 D															
ROSENHEIM	Unit	AI-AS	A4							BO	D/	U U	62	US	64	
Additional environmental impact indicators																
PM	Disease incidence	6.49E-08	2.78E-10	6.03E-13	0.00	3.63E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89E-11	1.02E-09	3.32E-09	-1.17E-08
IRP*1	kBq U235 eq.	3.42E-02	9.14E-05	3.74E-07	0.00	1.11E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.57E-06	2.75E-02	6.17E-04	-1.90E-02
ETP-fw*2	CTUe	93.95	0.35	5.10E-05	0.00	5.20E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.52E-02	0.45	0.28	-5.62
HTP-c*2	CTUh	3.50E-10	7.07E-12	4.33E-15	0.00	1.37E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.08E-13	1.28E-11	4.26E-11	-3.09E-11
HTP-nc*2	CTUh	3.19E-08	3.72E-10	1.48E-13	0.00	6.73E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.66E-11	4.67E-10	4.72E-09	-3.04E-09
SQP*2	dimensionless	2.80	0.17	3.82E-05	0.00	2.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25E-02	0.37	0.10	-0.30
Key:																
	PM – particulate matter emissions potential IRP*1 – ionising radiation potential – human health ETP-fw*2 - Eco-toxicity potential – freshwater HTP-c*2 - Human toxicity potential – cancer effects SQP*2 – soil quality potential															
effects HTP-nc	:* 4 - Human toxicity potent	ial – non-ca	ancer effec	ts SQP *	🖆 – soil q	uality poten	itial									

Disclaimers

*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionising radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator

*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator

ift	Results per 1 m ² surface area and 1 mm thickness of flat glass (patterned, solar, wired glasses)															
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
						Core	indicator	s								
GWP-t	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.94	2.62E-02	5.07E-04	0.00	4.20E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88E-03	3.88E-02	2.54E-02	-0.22
GWP-f	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.94	2.61E-02	5.07E-04	0.00	4.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.87E-03	3.84E-02	2.61E-02	-0.22
GWP-b	kg CO ₂ eq.	6.72E-03	-3.58E-05	3.46E-08	0.00	3.40E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.57E-06	3.46E-04	-7.74E-04	-5.35E-04
GWP-I	kg CO ₂ eq.	4.87E-04	1.45E-04	1.09E-09	0.00	3.31E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04E-05	8.12E-06	4.82E-05	-2.60E-05
ODP	kg CFC -11 eq.	4.45E-12	1.55E-15	5.02E-17	0.00	7.27E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12E-16	5.62E-13	6.14E-14	-4.71E-13
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	6.04E-03	3.31E-05	7.05E-08	0.00	5.23E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.17E-06	8.43E-05	1.85E-04	-1.41E-03
EP-fw	kg P eq.	1.62E-06	7.74E-08	1.12E-11	0.00	2.09E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.56E-09	1.12E-07	4.43E-08	-1.32E-07
EP-m	kg N eq.	1.85E-03	1.21E-05	1.45E-08	0.00	1.73E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.60E-07	1.89E-05	4.73E-05	-4.00E-04
EP-t	mol N eq.	2.35E-02	1.41E-04	3.35E-07	0.00	1.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.90E-06	1.98E-04	5.20E-04	-4.56E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	4.57E-03	2.94E-05	3.87E-08	0.00	7.87E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.90E-06	5.11E-05	1.44E-04	-8.02E-04
ADPF*2	MJ	30.27	0.35	8.62E-05	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.49E-02	0.70	0.34	-3.17
ADPE*2	kg Sb eq.	3.37E-07	2.17E-09	1.23E-12	0.00	5.13E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56E-10	1.05E-08	2.68E-09	-1.68E-08
WDP*2	m ³ world eq. deprived	-1.87E-02	2.32E-04	4.53E-05	0.00	9.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.67E-05	8.74E-03	2.86E-03	-1.27E-02
Use of resources																
PERE	MJ	5.01	1.97E-02	2.34E-05	0.00	1.37E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42E-03	0.39	5.13E-02	-0.31
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	5.01	1.97E-02	2.34E-05	0.00	4.10E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42E-03	0.39	5.13E-02	-0.31
PENRE	MJ	30.27	0.35	8.62E-05	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.50E-02	0.70	0.34	-3.17
PENRM	MJ	4.19E-03	0.00	-4.19E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	30.27	0.35	8.62E-05	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.50E-02	0.70	0.34	-3.17
SM	kg	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m ³	6.57E-03	2.23E-05	1.06E-06	0.00	2.24E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60E-06	3.69E-04	8.67E-05	-4.46E-04
						Waste	categori	es								
HWD	kg	-2.54E-09	1.66E-12	8.94E-15	0.00	1.20E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20E-13	6.03E-11	1.76E-11	-4.59E-10
NHWD	kg	4.46E-02	4.98E-05	2.32E-06	0.00	5.43E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.58E-06	5.25E-04	1.75	-2.75E-02
RWD	kg	2.33E-04	4.28E-07	2.59E-09	0.00	7.67E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.07E-08	1.11E-04	3.81E-06	-7.94E-05
						Output i	material f	lows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	1.07E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	3.98E-03	0.00	6.99E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EET	MJ	9.25E-03	0.00	1.63E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Key:																
	warming potential - total	GWP-f – q	lobal warm	ning potenti	al fossil fu	uels GW	P-b – glob	oal warmir	ng potential	I - biogenia	GWP-	– global	warming po	otential - la	ind use an	d land

GWP-t – global warming potential - total GWP-f – global warming potential fossil fuels GWP-b – global warming potential - biogenic GWP-I – global warming potential - land use and land use change ODP – ozone depletion potential AP - acidification potential EP-fw - eutrophication potential - aquatic freshwater EP-m - eutrophication potential - aquatic marine EP-t eutrophication potential - terrestrial POCP - photochemical ozone formation potential ADPF*2 - abiotic depletion potential - fossil resources ADPE*2 - abiotic depletion potential minerals&metals WDP*2 – Water (user) deprivation potential PERE - Use of renewable primary energy PERM - use of renewable primary energy resources PERT - total use of renewable primary energy resources **PENRE** - use of non-renewable primary energy **PENRM** - use of non-renewable primary energy resources **PENRT** - total use of non-renewable primary energy resources SM - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER - materials for energy recovery **EEE** - exported electrical energy **EET** - exported thermal energy

ift	if Results per 1 m ² surface area and 1 mm thickness of flat glass (patterned, solar, wired glasses)															
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Additional environmental impact indicators																
PM	Disease incidence	5.00E-08	1.90E-10	4.14E-13	0.00	3.63E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30E-11	6.99E-10	2.28E-09	-8.13E-09
IRP*1	kBq U235 eq.	2.40E-02	6.27E-05	2.57E-07	0.00	1.11E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.51E-06	1.89E-02	4.24E-04	-1.31E-02
ETP-fw*2	CTUe	64.74	0.24	3.50E-05	0.00	5.20E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.73E-02	0.31	0.19	-3.80
HTP-c*2	CTUh	2.91E-10	4.85E-12	2.98E-15	0.00	1.37E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.48E-13	8.77E-12	2.92E-11	-2.93E-11
HTP-nc* ²	CTUh	2.40E-08	2.55E-10	1.02E-13	0.00	6.73E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.83E-11	3.21E-10	3.24E-09	-2.22E-09
SQP*2	dimensionless	1.99	0.12	2.62E-05	0.00	2.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.57E-03	0.25	7.12E-02	-0.22
	Key: PM – particulate matter emissions potential IRP* ¹ – ionising radiation potential – human health ETP-fw* ² - Eco-toxicity potential – freshwater HTP-c* ² - Human toxicity potential – cancer															

Disclaimers

*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionising radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator

*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator

Conversion table

The cast glass calculations were based on the declared product P23/60/7. The environmental impacts of the other channel glass units can be calculated using the following equation and factors:

P xxx/yy/z = z * (P 23/60/7) * factor

Profile	Dimensions [mm]	kg/m²	Factor	Profile	Dimensions [mm]	kg/m²	Factor
P 15	150/41/6	21.3	0.98	P 15/60/7	150/60/7	29.3	1.15
P 23	232/41/6	19.4	0.89	P 18/60/7	180/60/7	27.2	1.07
P 26	262/41/6	18.7	0.86	P 23/60/7	232/60/7	25.4	1.00
P 33	331/41/6	17.8	0.82	P 23/80/7	232/80/7	28.9	1.14
P 50	498/41/6	16.9	0.78	P 26/60/7	262/60/7	24.0	0.94
				P 26/80/7	262/80/7	27.0	1.06
				P 33/60/7	331/60/7	23.0	0.91
				P 40/60/7	400/60/7	21.8	0.86

Product group: "Glass"

Evaluation

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ift ROSENHEIM

6.4 Interpretation, LCA presentation and critical review

The product groups

- LINIT U-profiled glass refined (PG 1)
- LINIT U-profiled glass (PG 2)
- Flat glass (patterned, solar and wired glasses) (PG 3)

differ to varying degrees in their environmental impacts. The differences are due to the variations in the pre-products and raw materials and the amounts used. The differences between PG and PG 2 are due to the surface finishing assessments of PG 1. The differences between PG 2 and PG 3 are due to less material used per declared PG 3 unit and the wire used. Comparably better environmental impacts would be expected for PG 3 due to the much lower product weight.

The environmental impacts during the manufacture of all product groups are mainly due to the use of soda and their upstream chains. The modelled one-off replacement during the specified 30-year RSL also produces a major part of the environmental impacts during the entire life cycle.

In addition, the use of oxygen for oxygen-supported incineration and of natural gas plays a minor role with respect to the environmental impacts. The use of steel wire in PG 3 only contributes to the environmental impacts to a small extent.

During the use stage, environmental impacts are due soley to cleaning. As 0.2 I cleaning solution is required for cleaning per declared unit per year in accordance with EN 17074, the environmental impacts during the use stage are identical for all product groups.

For scenario C4 only marginal consumptions arising from the physical pre-treatment and management of the disposal site are expected. Allocation to individual products is almost impossible for site disposal.

In terms of product recycling, for the glass about 8.00% (PG 1), 8.19% (PG 2) and 7.43% (PG 3) of the environmental impacts can be assigned as benefits in scenario D. For wire in PG 3, the benefits amount to 0.29% of the environmental impacts.

Some LCA results differ from the results presented in the EPD prepared five years ago. This is partly due to methodological changes in modelling and partly reflects production changes. The reasons for the differences are listed below:

- 1. Recording emissions from production
- 2. Updating glass data
- 3. Use of other, more suitable GaBi datasets
- 4. Adjustment of background data in GaBi (version update)
- 5. Updating modelling basis due to revision from EN 15804:A1 to EN 15804:A2
- 6. Extension of assessed lifecycle modules

The charts below show the allocation of the main environmental impacts.

The values obtained from the LCA calculation are suitable for the certification of buildings.

Charts

POCP

AP

ODP

GWP luluc

GWP fossil

GWP biogenic

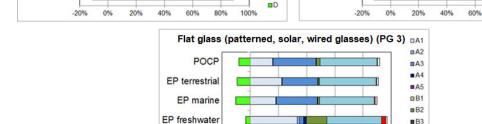
EP terrestrial

EP freshwater

EP marine

LINIT U-profiled glass refined (PG 1)

Product group: "Glass"



AP

-20%

0%

ODF

GWP luluc

GWP fossil

GWP biogenic

DA1

A2

A3

A4

A5 B1

BB2

B3

B84

B85

BB6

B7

DC1

C2

C3

DC4

Figure 2: Percentage of the modules in selected environmental impact categories

40%

60%

80%

20%

- Report The LCA report underlying this EPD was developed according to the requirements of DIN EN ISO 14040 and DIN EN ISO 14044 as well as DIN EN 15804 and DIN EN ISO 14025. It is not addressed to third parties for reasons of confidentiality. It is deposited with the ift Rosenheim. The results and conclusions reported to the target group are complete, correct, without bias and transparent. The results of the study are not designed to be used for comparative statements intended for publication.
- **Critical review** The critical review of the LCA and of the report took place in the course of verification of the EPD and were carried out by Patrick Wortner, MBA and Eng., Dipl.-Ing, an external verifier.

7 General information regarding the EPD

Comparability This EPD was prepared in accordance with DIN EN 15804 and is therefore only comparable to those EPDs that also comply with the requirements set out in DIN EN 15804.

> Any comparison must refer to the building context and the same boundary conditions of the various life cycle stages.

> For comparing EPDs of construction products, the rules set out in DIN EN 15804 (Clause 5.3) apply.

> The detailed results of the products were summarised on the basis of conservative assumptions and differ from the average results. The establishment of the product groups and the resulting variations are documented in the background report.



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POCP

AP

ODP

GWP luluc

GWP fossil

GWP biogenic

EP terrestrial

EP freshwater

EP marine

LINIT U-profiled glass (PG 2)

B4

DB5

B6 B7

DC1 DC2

C3 DC4

D

100%



DA1

DA2

A3

A4

A5

B1

B2

B3

B84

nB5

BB6

B7

DC1

C2

C3

DC4

D

100%

80%

Product group: "Glass"

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- **Communication** The communications format of this EPD meets the requirements of EN 15942:2012 and is therefore the basis for B2B communication. Only the nomenclature has been changed according to EN 15804. The nomenclature was selected in accordance with DIN EN 15804.
- **Verification** Verification of the Environmental Product Declaration is documented in accordance with the ift "Richtlinie zur Erstellung von Typ III Umweltproduktdeklarationen" (Guidance on preparing Type III Environmental Product Declarations) in accordance with the requirements set out in DIN EN ISO 14025.

The Declaration is based on the PCR documents EN 17074 "PCR for flat glass product)", "PCR Part A" PCR-A-0.3:2018 and "Flat glass in building" PCR-FG-2.0:2021.

The European standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR ^{a)}
Independent verification of the Declaration and statement
according to EN ISO 14025:2010
🗆 internal 🗵 external
Independent third party verifier: b)
Patrick Wortner
^{a)} Product category rules
^{b)} Optional for business-to-business communication
Mandatory for business-to-consumer communication
(see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Revisions of this document	No.	Date		Practitioner of the LCA	Verifier
	1	12.12.2022	External Verification	Pscherer	Wortner

Publication date: 12.12.2022

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EPD Cast glass Declaration code: EPD-LPG-GB-28.1

Publication date: 12.12.2022

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9 Annex

Description of life cycle scenarios for cast glass

Calculation of the scenarios included the defined RSL (see 4 Use stage).

The scenarios were based on information provided by the manufacturer. The scenarios were furthermore based on EN 14074 and the research project "EPDs for transparent building components" (1).

<u>Note:</u> The standard scenarios selected are presented in bold type. They were also used for calculating the indicators in the summary table.

- ✓ Included in the LCA
- Not included in the LCA

Pro	duct s	tage		Co struc sta	ction			Use stage* End-of-life stage						Benefits and loads from beyond the system boundaries					
A1	A2	A3		A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5	B6	B7		C1	C2	C3	C4		D
 Raw material supply 	Transport	Manufacture		Transport	Construction/installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	✓ Replacement	Modification/refurbishment	✓ Operational energy use	 Operational water use 		Deconstruction/demolition	Transport	✓ Waste processing	Disposal	-	 Re-use Recovery Recycling potential
	•	•			-		•		-			-		ted to o	•	-	v	ļ	v



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A4 113	A4 Transport to the construction site A4 Transport to the construction site A4 Large-scale project 40 t truck (Euro 0-6 mix), diesel, 27 t payload, 100% capacity used, approx. 150 km to construction site and empty return trip.										
A4 Tran	sport to the construction site	Transport weight [kg/1 m² surface area and 1 mm thickness]	Density [kg/m³]								
PG1		3.70	2500								
PG2		3.64	2500								
PG3		2.50	2500								
Since only one scenario is used, the results are shown in the relevant summary table. A5 Construction/Installation											
No.	Scenario	Description									

A5	With ancillary elements	As set out in standard EN 17074, the ancillary ele- ments to install the glass/glass products in the building have not been taken into account.

In case of deviating consumption the installation / assembly of the products forms part of the site management and is covered at the building level.

Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, use of other resources, material losses, direct emissions as well as waste materials during installation are negligible.

It is assumed that the packaging material in the module construction / installation is sent to waste handling. Waste is only thermally recycled in line with the conservative approach. Benefits from A5 are specified in module D. Benefits from waste incineration: electricity replaces electricity mix (EU 28); thermal energy replaces thermal energy from natural gas (EU 28). Transport to the recycling plants has not been taken into account.

Since only one scenario is used, the results are shown in the summary table.

B1 Use - not relevant

Refer to Section 4 Use stage - Emissions to the environment. No emissions to indoor air environment are known.

B2 Inspection, maintenance, cleaning

B2.1 Cleaning

No.	Scenario	Description								
B2.1	Rarely manual	as per EN 17074: Use of 0.2 I cleaning solution (0.2 I water with 0.01 I detergent) per square metre of glass per year.								
	Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, material losses and waste as well as transport distances during cleaning are negligible.									

Since only one scenario is used, the results are shown in the relevant summary table.

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B2.2 Maintenance - not relevant

In accordance with EN 17074, no maintenance is required for cast glass

B3 Repair - not relevant

In accordance with EN 17074, repair of glass products installed in the building is included in the service life of the glass products, therefore this module has not been included.

For updated information refer to the respective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and maintenance from Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG.

B4 Exchange / Replacement

No.	Scenario	Description
B4.1	No replacement	No replacement provided according to EN 17074.
B4.2	Normal use, heavy use and extraordinary use	One replacement over a 30 year period (RSL)*

* Assumptions for evaluation of possible environmental impacts; statements made do not constitute any guaranty or warranty of performance.

The statements made in this EPD are only informative to allow evaluation at the building level.

It is assumed that no replacement will be necessary during the 30-year RSL according to EN 17074 and the assumed 50-year building service life. The results refer to one year based on the RSL.

For updated information refer to the respective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and maintenance from Glasfabrik Lamberts GmbH & Co. KG.

Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, material losses, waste as well as transport distances during installation are negligible.

LINIT U-profiled glass refined										
B4 Exchange / Replacement	Unit	B4.1	B4.2							
	Core indicators									
GWP-t	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	3.50E-02							
GWP-f	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	3.47E-02							
GWP-b	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	2.91E-04							
GWP-I	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	2.62E-05							
ODP	kg CFC -11 eq.	0.00	2.38E-13							
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	0.00	2.31E-04							
EP-fw	kg P eq.	0.00	8.17E-08							
EP-m	kg N eq.	0.00	7.30E-05							
EP-t	mol N eq.	0.00	9.57E-04							
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	0.00	1.88E-04							
ADPF	MJ	0.00	1.32							
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	0.00	1.88E-08							
WDP	m ³ world eq. deprived	0.00	-4.90E-05							

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	Use of resources		
PERE	MJ	0.00	3.89E-02
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.00	1.17
PENRE	MJ	0.00	1.32
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	0.00	1.32
SM	kg	0.00	4.20E-02
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
FW	m ³	0.00	1.26E-03
	Waste categories		
HWD	kg	0.00	4.03E-10
NHWD	kg	0.00	8.73E-02
RWD	kg	0.00	1.36E-05
	Output material flows		
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	3.70E-02
MER	kg	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	2.27E-04
EET	MJ	0.00	5.27E-04
	dditional environmental impact inc		0.272 01
PM	Disease incidence	0.00	4.73E-09
IRP	kBq U235 eq.	0.00	1.49E-03
ETPfw	CTUe	0.00	3.11
HTPc	CTUh	0.00	4.40E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	0.00	1.18E-09
SQP	dimensionless	0.00	0.10
Sur		0.00	0.10
	LINIT U-profiled glass		
B4 Exchange / Replacement	Unit	B4.1	B4.2
	Core indicators		
GWP-t	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	3.25E-02
GWP-f	kg CO₂ eq.	0.00	3.22E-02
GWP-b	kg CO₂ eq.	0.00	2.82E-04
GWP-I	kg CO₂ eq.	0.00	2.39E-05
ODP	kg CFC -11 eq.	0.00	2.28E-13
AP	mol H ⁺ eq.	0.00	2.20E-04
EP-fw	kg P eq.	0.00	7.77E-08
EP-m	kg N eq.	0.00	7.03E-05
EP-t	mol N eq.	0.00	9.23E-04
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	0.00	1.81E-04
ADPF	MJ	0.00	1.30
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	0.00	1.33E-08
WDP	m ³ world eq. deprived	0.00	-1.64E-03
	Use of resources		
PERE	MJ	0.00	8.28E-03
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.00	0.25
PENRE	MJ	0.00	1.30
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	0.00	1.30
SM	kg	0.00	4.20E-02
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
	m ³	0.00	3.01E-04

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	Waste categories		
HWD	kg	0.00	3.37E-10
NHWD	kg	0.00	8.57E-02
RWD	kg	0.00	1.32E-05
	Output material flows		
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	3.67E-02
MER	kg	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	2.27E-04
EET	MJ	0.00	5.27E-04
	Additional environmental impact ind	dicators	
PM	Disease incidence	0.00	1.92E-09
IRP	kBq U235 eq.	0.00	1.44E-03
ETPfw	CTUe	0.00	2.97
HTPc	CTUh	0.00	1.25E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	0.00	1.14E-09
SQP	dimensionless	0.00	9.93E-02
	Flat glass (patterned, solar, wired g	lasses)	
B4 Exchange / Replacement	Unit	B4.1	B4.2
	Core indicators		
GWP-t	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	2.64E-02
GWP-f	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	2.62E-02
GWP-b	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	1.92E-04
GWP-I	kg CO ₂ eq.	0.00	1.76E-05
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq.	0.00	1.53E-13
AP	mol H ⁺ eq.	0.00	1.63E-04
EP-fw	kg P eq.	0.00	5.50E-08
EP-m	kg N eq.	0.00	5.07E-05
EP-t	mol N eq.	0.00	6.57E-04
РОСР	kg NMVOC eq.	0.00	1.32E-04
ADPF	MJ	0.00	0.94
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	0.00	1.11E-08
WDP	m ³ world eq. deprived	0.00	-6.60E-04
	Use of resources		
PERE	MJ	0.00	5.71E-03
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.00	0.17
PENRE	MJ	0.00	0.94
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00
PENRT	MJ	0.00	0.94
SM	kg	0.00	2.88E-02
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00
FW	m ³	0.00	2.19E-04
	Waste categories		
HWD	kg	0.00	-9.73E-11
NHWD	kg	0.00	5.90E-02
RWD	kg	0.00	8.97E-06
	Output material flows		
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	2.54E-02
MER	kg	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	1.56E-04
EET	MJ	0.00	3.63E-04

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	Add	itional environmental impact	indicators	
PM		Disease incidence	0.00	1.49E-09
IRP		kBq U235 eq.	0.00	1.01E-03
ETPfw		CTUe	0.00	2.05
HTPc		CTUh	0.00	1.00E-11
HTP-nc		CTUh	0.00	8.43E-10
SQP		dimensionless	0.00	7.00E-02
Accordir for build For upd mainten Ancillary distance	rovement / modernisation – ng to EN 17047, the element ings. ated information refer to the ance from Glasfabrik Lamber materials, consumables, use s during replacement are neg	s are not included in the respective instruction ts GmbH & Co. KG. of energy and water, gligible.	s for assembly/instal	lation, operation and
	no energy used during norm			
B7 Ope	rational water use – not rele	vant		
There is module	no water consumption wher B2.1.	n used as intended. W	ater consumption for	cleaning is stated in
C1 Deco	onstruction			
No.	Scenario	Description		
C1	Deconstruction	Glass 30% d filling)	7074 (9.8.4 End-of-li leconstruction, 70 %	ة residues (land-
		Further deco equate reaso	onstruction rates are	e possible, give ad-

No relevant inputs or outputs apply to the scenario selected. The energy consumed for deconstruction is negligible. Any arising consumption is marginal.

Since only one scenario is used, the results are shown in the summary table.

In case of deviating consumption the removal of the products forms part of the site management and is covered at the building level.

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C2 Tran	nsport				
No.	Scenario	Description			
C2	Transport	Transport to collection po 0-6 mix), diesel, 27 t pay 50 km			
Since o	nly one scenario is used, the results	are shown in the relevant sun	nmary tab	ole.	
C3 Was	ste management				
No.	Scenario	Description			
C3	Disposal	As per EN 17074 (9.8.4 Er Share for recirculation of • 100% glass in melt	material	-	to C4).
As the	products are placed on the Europe	an market, the disposal sce	nario is l	pased on	averad
Europea The tab calculat	products are placed on the Europe an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system.	esses and presents their perce	entage by	[,] mass/we	ight. Th
Europea The tab calculat product	an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system.	esses and presents their perce	entage by	[,] mass/we	ight. Th
Europea The tab calculat product C3 Dispos	an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system.	esses and presents their perce d shares in per cent, related	entage by I to the d	r mass/we eclared u	ight. Th nit of th
Europea The tab calculat product C3 Dispos Collection	an data sets. Ile below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system.	esses and presents their perce ed shares in per cent, related Unit	entage by I to the d PG 1	r mass/we eclared u PG 2	ight. Th nit of th PG 3
Europea The tab calculat product C3 Dispos Collection	an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system. sal process, collected separately	esses and presents their percent of shares in per cent, related Unit kg	entage by I to the d PG 1 1.11	r mass/we eclared un PG 2 1.09	ight. Th nit of th PG 3 0.75
Europea The tab calculat product C3 Dispos Collection Recovery s	an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce tion is based on the above-mentione system. sal process, collected separately process, collected as mixed construction waste	esses and presents their percent ad shares in per cent, related Unit kg kg	entage by I to the d PG 1 1.11 2.59	Providence of the second secon	ight. Th nit of th PG 3 0.75 1.75
Europea The tab calculat product C3 Dispos Collection Recovery s Recovery s	an data sets. le below describes the disposal proce- tion is based on the above-mentione system. sal process, collected separately process, collected as mixed construction waste system, for re-use	esses and presents their percent ad shares in per cent, related Unit kg kg kg	entage by I to the d PG 1 1.11 2.59 0.00	PG 2 1.09 2.55 0.00	ight. Th nit of th PG 3 0.75 1.75 0.00

Since only one scenario is used, the results are shown in the relevant summary table.

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C4 Disp	C4 Disposal			
No.	Scenario	Description		
C4	Disposal	The non-recordable amounts and losses within the re-use/recycling chain (C1 and C3) are modelled as "disposed" (EU-28).		
of the di		ohysical pre-treatment, waste recycling and management re from the substitution of primary material production are at from waste incineration.		
	hly one scenario is used, the results a fits and loads from beyond the sys	are shown in the relevant summary table.		
	•			
D Bene	fits and loads from beyond the sys	tem boundaries		
D Benef No. D1 The value deconst The 100 scenario	fits and loads from beyond the sys Scenario Recycling potential (current market situation) ues in module D result from recyclic ruction at the end of service life. 0% scenarios differ from current avons is presented in the underlying repo	tem boundaries Description Glass recyclate from C3 excluding the glass cullet used in A3 replaces 60% of container glass. ing of the packaging material in module A5 and from rerage recycling (D1). The evaluation of the individual		

Imprint

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Notes

This EPD is mainly based on the work and findings of the Institut für Fenstertechnik e.V., Rosenheim (ift Rosenheim) and specifically on the ift-Richtlinie NA-01/3 Allgemeiner Leitfaden zur Erstellung von Typ III Umweltproduktdeklarationen. (Guideline NA.01/3 - Guidance on preparing Type III Environmental Product Declarations) The publication and all its parts are protected by copyright. Any utilisation outside the confined limits of the copyright provisions is not permitted without the consent of the publishers and is punishable. In particular, this applies to any form of reproduction, translations, storage on microfilm and the storage and processing in electronic systems.

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